

HEARING FOR ROOSEVELT.

VICTOR'S ATTACK DENOUNCED BY OTHER COLORADO TOWNS.

Governor's Kneel Injured by a Kick in Wednesday's Assault—Evidence That the Riot Was Directed by Democratic Leaders—Gov. Thomas and Others Denounced by the Press and Individuals—Leadville, Pueblo and Other Cities Greet Roosevelt with Enthusiasm—Faid-Fair Interruptions.

Pueblo, Colo., Sept. 27.—There has been no disposition on the part of the Democrats of Colorado to renew to-day the organized attack which was made on Gov. Roosevelt at Victor yesterday. Once during a stop at Salida it was quite apparent that a part of the audience was bent on mischief. An inebriated man from 15 to 20 years old. An inebriated man among them showed that they had been hired by a man named Thornton to break up the meeting. They caused nothing more serious than annoyance to the rest of the audience, because some points of the speeches were lost by the noise. But at Leadville, the voice of heart and center of free silver sentiment, a large crowd, thoroughly hostile in sentiment to the financial policy represented by Gov. Roosevelt and the other speakers, stood for an hour and forty minutes giving the closest and most respectful attention to the speeches.

The attitude of the people of Leadville was set forth by the newspaper, the *Leadville Herald*, which until this morning has been throwing all its influence to the Democratic ticket. Today it told the whole story of the Victor outrage truthfully in its news columns and in its editorial page printed and signed by the editor. The *Herald* said at the top and bottom of the article were deep black, and the editor denounced Gov. Thomas and T. M. Patterson, the leaders in the attempt to denigrate Senator Wolcott and the National Republican ticket, and charged that Thomas and Patterson were directly responsible for the Victor riot.

By common consent the reporter for Mr. Patterson's newspaper was invited to leave the special train at Canon City. His ejection followed the receipt of a copy of his paper, in which the riot was described and which was an absolutely scurrilous and untruthful attack on Senator Wolcott, whose name the paper was the young man that he had acted as a co-sponsor for a party of Teller county Democrats at Cripple Creek, who asked at least one of the reporters who represents a large number of newspapers, "to come around to the hotel before filing his dispatches. He has a talk, because there are some men who could demonstrate to you that the newspaper men that had taken place right under his eyes."

"All right," said the emissary of the Teller county men, "but we think we can change your views of it if you will come around."

It did not do so, and the Teller county committee have taken it upon themselves to make a mystery. When Mr. Patterson's report was informed that his departure was desired he said meekly that he was very much obliged to the campaign managers for not having put him off before.

The end of the Colorado campaign has added to Senator Wolcott's confidence in the State. He feels that the Republican organization is getting back a sufficient number of the men it lost in 1896 to tilt the balance in its favor. He freely admits that the silver sentiment in the State is still strong and that he has no consolation for Bryan.

He would not vote against him and against their own honest convictions on the silver question simply because they cannot do the issue which he has added to the platform. The election of Bryan, in the opinion of Colorado politicians, would put him in a position to win back the silver sentiment in the State. The silver sentiment is not a financial question for him because they believe that the silver question can wait, but that the question of retaining the platform cannot.

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HANDS OVER RICE MONEY.

PATRICK GIVES UP THE CHECKS, CASH AND SECURITIES.

Says the Checks Were Given Him to Settle the Will Contest—Negotiations With the Texas Brother and Lawyer While the Millionaire's Body Was Cremated—Two Will-Tests Said to Be \$15,000,000.

Such property of William Marsh Rice, the millionaire who died last Sunday at 50 Madison avenue, was in the hands of Albert T. Patrick, his New York attorney, was turned over by Mr. Patrick yesterday to Capt. James A. Baker, Rice's Texas attorney. Mr. Patrick said that the estate is estimated at nearly \$15,000,000. Mr. Patrick explains that Mr. Rice gave him the checks for \$250,000 dated the day before Mr. Rice died, to settle the litigation over Rice's will. Mr. Rice's body was cremated at Fresh Pond yesterday afternoon. Only Dr. Curry, the physician of the dead millionaire, and Charles Jones, his private secretary, went with the remains to the crematory. Frederick A. Rice, a brother of William, and Capt. Baker arrived yesterday morning from Houston, but they were too busy with matters connected with the estate to go to the crematory. The same business prevented Mr. Patrick from going to the funeral.

Patrick met shortly after 10 o'clock in the apartment in which William Rice died. Detectives Carey and Valley dropped in a little later and made a few remarks which helped the two Texans and Mr. Patrick to a better understanding. After that there was a busy day for Messrs. Rice, Patrick and Baker. In fact, developments concerning the estate followed so quickly one upon another that it was difficult to keep track of them.

The conference of the morning was followed by another one in the afternoon at the office of Bowers & Sands, a New York attorney. Those present besides members of the firm were Frederick A. Rice, Capt. Baker, Assistant District Attorney McIntyre and the two detectives. Capt. Baker had retained the firm as his counsel. Mr. McIntyre was there to advise the police.

The detectives were there to tell what they knew of the estate. They said that they had been called to the office of Bowers & Sands and Rice. This account of what was done at these conferences was obtained from persons who attended them.

Mr. Patrick, at the morning conference, agreed to turn over to Capt. Baker all the property of every kind that belonged to Rice. Mr. Rice which Patrick held under assignment or otherwise. This property included the four checks for \$250,000, one for \$50,000 and two for \$200,000 each, drawn to the order of Albert T. Patrick and signed by William Marsh Rice the day before he died. Besides the checks it was said that Patrick turned over to Capt. Baker all the securities and other property which he had in his possession.

What Mr. Patrick turned over this property to Capt. Baker is not known. He refused last night to admit that he had done so or to deny it.

Lawyer James W. Gerard, for Capt. Baker, said last night: "Mr. Patrick has today turned over to Capt. Baker a number of papers he has in his office belonging to Mr. Rice, including checks, securities and other personal property. It is a matter in a bag to Mr. Patrick's office after Mr. Rice's death. Capt. Baker has taken a receipt for the papers and will deposit them with a safe deposit company."

Mr. Patrick had been informed that Mr. Patrick had left two wills, one executed some years ago and belonging to Rice, and another one executed in an apartment in New York City some months ago. Of each of these wills it was said that both Patrick and Baker had a copy. It was said that Patrick had a copy of the earlier will and Baker had a copy of the later will. It was said that Patrick had a copy of the earlier will and Baker had a copy of the later will.

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THE NEW YORK DISABLED.

Arrives at Southampton With Thrust Shaft Broken and Steering Gear Out of Order.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 27.—The American liner steamship *Massachusetts*, which sailed from New York on Sept. 10, is reported to have arrived at Southampton this afternoon. "Can't use one engine."

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 27.—Upon arriving here the *Massachusetts*, which was about one day overdue, reported that her thrust shaft was broken and her steering gear out of order.

MRS. CONGER TELLS OF THE SIEGE.

Letters to Friends in Des Moines Express Her Joy at the Rescue.

DES MOINES, Ia., Sept. 27.—Letters from Mrs. E. H. Conger, wife of the United States Minister to China, reached here today. She had been released from the attacks of the Boxers. Mrs. Conger writes a graphic story of the alternating fears and hopes of the besieged foreigners and of their suffering and rescue.

Minister Conger is well, she says, though he lost twenty-five pounds during the siege. Mrs. Conger says that she and her children were still in the city when the Boxers broke in. They were all well and happy. They were all well and happy.

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TEXAS INDICT J. K. JONES?

REPORTED ANTI-MONOPOLY PROSECUTION OF BRYAN'S CHAIRMAN.

And the Cotton Bale Trust—Chairman McGuire Sued as Mayor of Syracuse in a Matter of \$400,000—He Calls Gov. Roosevelt a Faker and the Colorado Outrage a Fake.

A report was received in New York last night to the effect that the Hon. James K. Jones, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, who is now conducting the campaign for Bryan from the Chicago headquarters, had been indicted in the State of Texas as one of the officers of the American Cotton Company, known familiarly as the Cotton Bale Trust, for violation of the Anti-Trust law in the State of Texas.

Mr. Jones's correspondent in Austin reports that legal proceedings of some kind against the officers of the trust are afoot, but that in the absence of the Attorney General of the State it is not known precisely what. John E. Searies, formerly of the Sugar Trust, is alleged to be one of the officers of the trust.

The American Cotton Company has \$7,000,000 capital stock and holds patents which exclude the possibility of competition. The company is a monopoly. Every cotton-ginning plant in the South is a machine made by the American Cotton Company. The American Cotton Company refuses to let its machine be used by anyone else.

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LABOR MEN VOTE IN TRUSTS FAVOR.

Indiana Federation Tables a Resolution Denouncing Them.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Sept. 27.—The Federation of Labor held its annual meeting today and among the resolutions introduced was one denouncing trusts and asking members of the Federation to vote against the party candidates that do not promise to invoke measures for their suppression. The resolution received a number of alleged expressions of which trusts are guilty and decided to vote against them.

The introduction of the resolution led to an uproar. As soon as order could be restored the discussion on the resolution was opened and the conservative element was soon found to be in a decided majority. A motion to table the resolution was carried by at least three to one.

ARCHBISHOP IRELAND HONOURED.

France Makes Him a Commander of the Legion of Honor.

PARIS, Sept. 27.—The French Ambassador to the United States, who is at present on a visit to Paris, handed Archbishop Ireland the insignia of his office as a Commander of the Legion of Honor, to which he was nominated yesterday. Gen. Horace Porter, of the French Academy, and M. Brunetiere, editor of the *Revue des Deux Mondes*, who presided at one of the meetings held by Archbishop Ireland and afterward went to Rome and declared himself a convert to the Roman Catholic faith, were among those present.

In congratulating Archbishop Ireland on his new honor, M. Brunetiere said that he was proud to see a Frenchman in the ranks of the Legion of Honor. He said that he was proud to see a Frenchman in the ranks of the Legion of Honor.

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TO END THE COAL STRIKE.

NEGOTIATIONS ON—CARDINAL GIBBONS WILLING TO BE ARBITRATOR.

New York Agencies Active—The Terms Are Said to Include the 10 Per Cent. Rise of Wages the Companies Were Ready Before the Strike to Grant. Without Recognition of the Union—Mitchell Says He Knows Nothing About It—Hastings Operators Declare That the Railroad Men Do Not Speak for Them—Strikers Make Heavy Gains in the Reading Region—Some of the Markle Men at Work—State of Expectancy Existing in the Entire Anthracite Region.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 27.—Cardinal Gibbons has consented to be the arbitrator in the Pennsylvania coal strike if the miners and operators in the anthracite regions will agree to accept him. The request came to his Eminence several days ago, presumably from Archbishop Ryan. The Cardinal declines to say whence the request came, but acknowledges that he has consented to serve.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 27.—It is reported tonight that John Markle, managing partner of the firm of Markle & Co., leaves here for New York at 2 o'clock Friday morning. The presumption of course is that he has been summoned as a result of the conferences there on settling the strike.

Father Phillips, who lately has had much to do with the strikers since his last change of front, leaves for Philadelphia to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock to confer with Archbishop Ryan.

As a result of conferences held at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co. between Mr. Morgan and representatives of the chief anthracite coal railroad negotiations are now going on for a settlement of the great coal strike. According to pretty good information the proposed last settlement is a 10 per cent. increase in the wages of the men, who, on their part, if the proposed settlement is agreed to, are to waive recognition of the United Mine Workers by the coal operators. Unauthorized reports that an agreement had actually been reached and the strike settled were circulated in Wall Street yesterday, but so far as could be learned last night the negotiations were still going on. It was, however, stated that everything pointed to a favorable outcome. As one of those who had seen Mr. Morgan remarked:

"We are moving heaven and earth to settle the strike and I expect it to be settled. I don't think it will be the exact terms of settlement, but that are being considered should be stated for I fear that might interfere with the successful